

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tea Tree Oil

- According to GHS (Seventh Revised Edition)

Section 1 Product and Company Identification

> Product Identifier

Product Name	Tea Tree Oil
Synonyms	-
CAS No.	68647-73-4
EC No.	285-377-1

> Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Relevant Identified Uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses Advised Against	Please consult manufacturer.

Section 2 Hazards Identification

Hazard class and label elements of the product according to GHS (the seventh revised edition):

> GHS Hazard Class

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE Category 9

**Hazardous To The
Aquatic Environment
Hazard** Category 1

> **GHS Label Elements**

Signal Word **Warning**

> **Hazard Statements**

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life, Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

> **Precautionary Statements**

Prevention

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Section 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	Concentration (weight percent, %)	CAS No.	EC No.
Terpinen-4-ol	41.2	562-74-3	209-235-5
α-terpinene	12.3	99-86-5	202-795-1
γ-terpinene	23.8	99-85-4	202-794-6

Section 4 First Aid Measures

> Description of First Aid Measures

General Advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin Contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of First-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

> Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

- 1 Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

> Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

> Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter or spread fire.

> Specific Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

- 1 Will form explosive mixtures with air.
- 2 Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.
- 3 Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
- 4 Liquid and vapour are flammable.
- 5 Containers may explode when heated.
- 6 Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves.
- 7 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

> Advice for Firefighters

- 1 As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

> Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**Section 6 Accidental Release Measure**

- 1 Avoid breathing vapors and contacting with skin and eye.
- 2 Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
- 3 Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
- 4 Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
- 5 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.
- 6 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
- 7 Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist, gas or dust.

> Environmental Precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

> Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

- 1 Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 2 Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.
- 3 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Section 7 Handling and Storage**> Precautions for Handling**

- 1 Avoid inhalation of vapors.
- 2 Use only non-sparking tools.
- 3 To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
- 4 Use explosion proof equipment.
- 5 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 6 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 7 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 8 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
- 9 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

> Precautions for Storage

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- 5 Store locked.

Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**> Control Parameters****Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

No information available

Biological Limit Values

No information available

Monitoring Methods

- 1 EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment

Determination of toxic substances in workplace air(Series standard).

> Engineering Controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

> Personal Protection Equipment

Eye Protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles (approved by EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).
Hand Protection	Wear protective gloves (such as butyl rubber) , passing the tests according to EN 374(EU),US F739 or AS/NZS 2161.1 standard.
Respiratory protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges.
Skin and Body Protection	Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing and antistatic boots.

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: colourless transparent liquid	Odor: No information available
Odor Threshold: No information available	pH: No information available
Melting Point/Freezing Point (°C): No information available	Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range (°C):
Flash Point (°C)(Closed Cup): 63	Evaporation Rate: No information available
Flammability: Not applicable	Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]: Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available
Vapor Pressure (KPa): No information available	Relative Vapour Density(Air = 1): > 1
Relative Density(Water= 1): No information available	Solubility: Insoluble in water
n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No information available	Auto-Ignition Temperature(°C): No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°C): No information available	Kinematic Viscosity (mm²/s): No information available
Particle characteristics: Not applicable	

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical Stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	No information available

Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible Materials	No information available
Hazardous Decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

> Acute Toxicity

Component	CAS No.	LD ₅₀ (Oral)	LD ₅₀ (Dermal)	LC ₅₀ (Inhalation, 4h)
Tea Tree Oil	68647-73-4	1900mg/kg(Rat)	5000mg/kg(Rabbit)	

> Skin Corrosion/Irritation

No information available

> Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

No information available

> Skin Sensitization

No information available

> Respiratory Sensitization

No information available

> Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No information available

> Carcinogenicity

ID	CAS No.	Component	IARC	NTP
1	68647-73-4	Tea Tree Oil	Not Listed	Not Listed

> Reproductive Toxicity

No information available

> Reproductive Toxicity (Additional)

No information available

> STOT-Single Exposure

No information available

> STOT-Repeated Exposure

No information available

> Aspiration Hazard

No information available

Section 12 Ecological Information

> Acute Aquatic Toxicity

No information available

> Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

No information available

> Others

Persistence and Degradability

No information available

Bioaccumulative Potential

No information available

Mobility in Soil

No information available

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

Tea Tree Oil does not meet the criteria for PBT and vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, annex XIII.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste Chemicals

Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal Recommendations

Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible. Refer to section 13.1 and 13.2.

Section 14 Transport Information

Marine pollutant

Yes

UN Number

3082

UN Proper Shipping Name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Transport Hazard Class

9

Transport Subsidiary Hazard Class

NONE

Packing Group

III

Section 15 Regulatory Information

> International Chemical Inventory

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	IECSC	NZIoC	PICCS	KECI	AICS	ENCS
Tea Tree Oil	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

【EINECS】 European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

【TSCA】 United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

【DSL】 Canadian Domestic Substances List.

【IECSC】 China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

【NZIoC】 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

【PICCS】 Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.

【KECI】 Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances.

【AICS】 Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances.

【ENCS】 Existing And New Chemical Substances.

Note

"√" Indicates that the substance included in the regulations

"×" That no data or included in the regulations

Section 16 Additional Information

Creation Date 2019/12/27

Revision Date 2019/12/27

Reason for Revision -